

CHAPTER 164

PROPERTY MAINTENANCE CODE

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164.01 TITLE. This chapter may be referred to as the *Property Maintenance Code* and is herein referred to as “this Code.”

164.02 PURPOSE. The purpose of this Code is to protect the public health, safety, and welfare, esthetics and property values, by establishing minimum standards for maintenance, appearance, condition, and occupancy, and for essential utilities, facilities, and other physical components and conditions to make residential premises fit for human habitation, and to make nonresidential premises fit for use according to the purpose for which they were developed; by fixing certain responsibilities and duties upon the owners and managers, and distinct and separate responsibilities and duties upon the occupants; by authorizing and establishing procedures for inspection of premises, and enforcement of this Code; establishing penalties for violations; and providing for proper repair, demolition, or vacation of premises which do not comply with this Code.

164.03 INTERPRETATION. The provisions of this Code shall be interpreted and applied as minimum requirements, and shall not be deemed a limitation or repeal of any other power granted by the Code of Iowa. Nothing in this Code shall be construed to abrogate the Federal or State Constitutions, or to grant powers to the City that are otherwise reserved by and for Federal and State government.

164.04 ABROGATION AND GREATER RESTRICTIONS. It is not the intent of this Code to repeal, abrogate, annul, impair, or interfere with any existing easements, covenants, deed restrictions, agreements, ordinances, rules, regulations, or permits previously adopted or issued pursuant to law. Where two or more provisions apply, the higher standard shall prevail.

164.05 DEFINITIONS. Words used in this Code shall have the same meaning as those defined by the Zoning Ordinance, unless otherwise defined by this Code.

1. **Abandoned Building.** Any building or portion of a building under construction which has stood with an incomplete exterior shell for more than one year, or any completed building or portion thereof which has stood unoccupied for longer than six (6) months, and which is unsecured or has Building Code violations.
2. **Board of Appeals.** The Board established and appointed by the City to hear appeals from the Iowa Falls Building Code, referred to herein as “the Board.”
3. **Deterioration.** A state of conditions caused by a lack of maintenance or excessive use, characterized by holes, breaks, rot, crumbling, peeling paint, rusting, or other evidence of physical decay or neglect.

4. Enforcement Officer. The Building Enforcement Officer, Chief of Police or City Manager or manager's designee.
5. Exposed to Public View. Any premises or any part thereof which may be lawfully viewed by the public or from adjoining premises.
6. Exterior. Yards and other open outdoor spaces on premises, and the external surfaces of any structure.
7. Extermination. The control and elimination of insects, rodents, and vermin.
Farm.
8. Farm. A tract of land having an area greater than 5 acres devoted to raising crops or domestic livestock.
(Ord. 1078 – Dec. 16 Supp.)
9. Infestation. The presence of insects, rodents, vermin, or other pests on the premises to the extent that they constitute a health hazard, are deemed by an Enforcement Officer to be in threat of spreading to adjoining premises, or are exposed to public view.
10. Junk. Old or scrap copper, brass, lead, or any other non-ferrous metal; old or discarded rope, rags, batteries, paper, trash, rubber, debris, waste or used lumber, or salvaged wood; dismantled vehicles, machinery and appliances or parts of such vehicles, machinery or appliances; iron, steel or other old or scrap ferrous materials; old or discarded glass, tinware, plastic or old or discarded household goods or hardware. Neatly stacked firewood located on a side yard or a rear yard is not considered junk.
11. Nuisance. Physical conditions that are dangerous or detrimental to the health or safety of persons on or near the premises where the conditions exist, or anything that is injurious to the senses or interferes with the comfortable enjoyment of life or property.
12. Owner. Any person who alone, jointly, or severally with others, holds legal or equitable title to any premises, with or without accompanying actual possession thereof.
13. Premises. A lot, plot, or parcel of land together with the structures thereon.
14. Public Authority. Any officer of any department or branch of the City, County, or State charged with regulating health, fire, zoning or building regulations, or other activities concerning property in the City.
15. Refuse. Any material that has lost its value for the original purpose for which it was created or manufactured, or for its redesigned use, whether putrescible or non-putrescible, combustible or non-combustible, which is not securely stored in a building or legal outdoor storage yard for prompt disposal or resale, including but not limited to junk; paper or cardboard; plastic; metals; glass; yard clippings, leaves, woody vegetative trimmings, and other plant wastes which have not been properly composted; vegetable or animal waste resulting from the handling, processing, storage, preparation, serving or consumption of food; crockery; bedding, furniture, or appliances; offal; rubbish; ashes or incinerator residue; construction debris; accumulation of animal feces; dead animals; or wastes from commercial or industrial processes.
16. Responsible party. Any person having possession, charge, care, or control of real or personal property, whether with or without the knowledge and consent of the owner, including without limitation any one or more of the following: owner, agent, property manager, contract purchaser, mortgagee or vendee in possession, receiver,

executor, trustee, lessee or tenant, or any other person, firm or corporation exercising apparent control over a property.

17. Vehicle. Any device designed to transport a person or property by land, air, or water, such as automobiles, trucks, trailers, motorcycles, tractors, buggies, wagons, boats, airplanes, or any combination thereof, except bicycles.

18. Vehicle, Inoperable. Any vehicle that is not licensed for the current year as required by law or which exhibits any of the following characteristics: broken, damaged, or missing windshield or other glass customary to the vehicle; a missing fender, door, bumper, hood, wheel, steering wheel, or exhaust system; lacking an engine or other means of power suitable to the design, one or more wheels, or other structural parts which renders the vehicle incapable of both forward and reverse movement in the manner for which it was designed; has become a habitat for rats, mice, snakes, or other vermin or insects; or constitutes a threat to the public health and safety because of its defective or obsolete condition.

164.06 GENERAL MAINTENANCE STANDARDS. The exterior of every premises and structure shall be maintained in reasonable repair, to the end that the premises and each structure thereon will be preserved; adjoining properties protected from blighting influences; and safety and fire hazards eliminated.

164.07 MAINTENANCE OF PREMISES. Each and every premises shall be kept free of all nuisances, health, safety, and fire hazards, unsanitary conditions, and infestation. It shall be the duty of the responsible party to keep the premises free of all said conditions and to promptly remove and abate same, which include but are not limited to the following declared nuisances:

1. Weeds or grasses allowed to grow to a height greater than eight (8) inches on the average in a RS, RM, NC, GC zoning district under the Iowa Falls Zoning Ordinances; twelve (12) inches in height in a MH, AC and LI district; and eighteen (18) inches in any other district as described in the Zoning Ordinances of the City of Iowa Falls, Iowa, or any accumulation of dead weeds or grass on any non-farm property which is not within the jurisdiction of the County Weed Commissioner.

(Subsection 1 – Ord. 1176 – Oct. 22 Supp.)

2. Accumulation of refuse not stored in suitable collection containers.

3. Any structure which is in such a dilapidated condition that it is unfit for human habitation or the use for which it was constructed; kept in such an unsanitary condition that it is a menace to the health of people residing therein or in the vicinity thereof; any structure defined as a dangerous building by the most-current edition of the Uniform Code for the Abatement of Dangerous Buildings, as published by the International Conference of Building Officials; or any building that is defined as abandoned or a public nuisance by Chapter 657A, *Code of Iowa*, 2001.

4. Any inoperable vehicle which is exposed to public view, unless located on the premises of a lawfully operated junk yard or undergoing repairs in an expeditious manner at a vehicle repair business.

5. Mud, dirt, gravel or other debris or matter, whether organic or inorganic, deposited in a quantity judged by an enforcement officer to be a threat to public safety or to cause pollution, obstruction, or siltation of drainage systems, or to violate solid waste disposal regulations.

6. Failure to establish a permanent cover of perennial grasses or ornamental ground cover on any non-farm property as soon as practical after any construction, and to thereafter maintain same in such condition as to substantially bind the surface of the soil and prevent erosion, whether by sheet or gully, or by wind or water, provided, however, that exception shall be permitted for densely shaded areas, landscape beds, and gardens, provided that vegetable gardens and agricultural crops shall not be placed in the front yard of a non-farm property, unless it can be demonstrated that no other viable location exists on the premises because of topography, natural vegetation, or similar circumstances out of the resident's control.
7. Any nuisance as defined herein or described as such by Chapter 657 of the *Code of Iowa, 2001*.
8. Conditions which are conducive to the harborage or breeding of vermin.
9. Facilities for the storage or processing of sewage, such as privies, vaults, sewers, private drains, septic tanks, cesspools, and drain fields, which have failed or do not function properly, as may be evidenced by overflow, leakage, seepage, or emanation of odors, or which do not comply with the Hardin County Department of Health regulations. Septic tanks, cisterns, and cesspools which are no longer in use shall be removed, or emptied and filled with clean dirt or sand.
10. Fences or retaining walls that are not structurally sound or which are deteriorating, as may be evidenced by leaning or loose elements.
11. Dead or diseased trees or other woody vegetation which may lead to the spread of the disease to other specimens or pose a threat to safety or buildings; major parts thereof, such as a limb, which may be dead or broken or otherwise pose a threat to safety or buildings on adjoining premises; any vegetation located on private property which overhangs and is less than 15 feet above the traveled portion of any public street, or less than eight feet vertically, or which protrudes into any public sidewalk.
12. Loose, overhanging objects or accumulations of ice or snow, which by reason of location above ground level constitute a danger of falling on persons in the vicinity thereof.

164.08 BUILDING MAINTENANCE. Every building shall be maintained to be weather and water right, and free from excessively peeling paint (which shall equal 50% of the exterior of any side or the entire structure) or other conditions suggestive of deterioration or inadequate maintenance. Exterior surfaces shall not have holes or broken glass; missing, loose, cracked or damaged shingles or siding; or other defects in the exterior finish which admit rain, cold air, dampness, rodents, insects or vermin. *(Ord. 1078 – Dec. 16 Supp.)*

164.09 REFUSE AND INOPERABLE VEHICLES. Inoperable vehicles shall be stored within a fully enclosed building or other location not exposed to public view, or shall be removed from the premises. A fully enclosed wood slat or slatted chain link fence or wall sufficient to prevent unauthorized entrance, access and visibility of the motor vehicle and at least six (6) feet in height shall constitute "not exposed to public view." All refuse shall be contained in suitable collection containers; kept free from infestation; and shall be removed weekly.

164.10 RESIDING AND RECONSTRUCTION. Materials and practices used in reconstruction and residing shall be of standard quality and appearance commensurate with the character of other properties in the vicinity of the premises. Their appearance, as judged

under prevailing appraisal practices and standards, shall not depreciate the value of the adjoining premises or the neighborhood.

164.11 EXCEPTION FOR FARMS AND EXISTING ESTATES. Farms, and non-farms premises having an area of more than five acres and located in an area zoned Agricultural on January 1, 2016 shall be exempted from this Code. *(Ord. 1078 – Dec. 16 Supp.)*

164.12 VIOLATIONS.

1. Enforcement. The creation or maintenance of a violation of this ordinance is prohibited and shall constitute a misdemeanor. Each day that a violation is permitted to continue constitutes a separate offense.

A. All inspections, enforcement actions, and hearings on violations, unless expressly stated to the contrary, shall be under the direction and supervision of an Enforcement Officer, who may appoint or designate other public officers or employees to perform duties as may be necessary to enforce this Code, including inspections and holding of hearings. The Enforcement Officers are hereby authorized to abate such violations in accordance with the procedures of this Code and to serve notice to abate same, whether upon the owner or other responsible party for a premises upon which a violation is being maintained, or upon the person or persons causing or maintaining a violation.

B. If a violation is found to exist on an owner-occupied premises and the owners demonstrate that the cost of remedying such violation would exceed the household's annual disposable income and thereby cause a financial hardship, enforcement shall be held in temporary abeyance until a means of financing or assistance can be identified.

C. The objective of this Code being the abatement and/or removal of violations of this Code. Violations may be addressed by maintenance of and administrative abatement process; the municipal infraction process; by court proceedings; or by City abatement and assessment of cost therefor against the responsible party or assessment of cost against the property, at the option and in the discretion of the City. In determining whether to use the administrative abatement process or court proceedings, consideration will be given to evidence of whether an eminent health or safety hazard exists or whether the person has previously been notified of or charged with violations of the same or other provisions of the Code in the past. The determination to proceed through the use of an administrative abatement process or the municipal infraction process, court proceedings or City abatement and assessment of cost shall be the prerogative of the City.

D. It is further provided by this Code that if the City determines that an emergency exists which creates a dangerous and imminent health or safety hazard to persons, property or the general public which requires immediate action, the City may order such action as may be necessary to meet the emergency. Any orders issued pursuant to this paragraph shall be effective immediately or in the time and manner prescribed in the order itself.

1.5. Enforcement of Weeds or Grasses Violations Under Section 164.07(1). In the event the Enforcement Officers chooses to utilize administrative abatement to address violations of Subsection 1 of Section 164.07 of the Iowa Falls Municipal Code, the

said Enforcement Officer shall post the notice at/or on the property wherein the violation exists, which notice shall advise the owner of the said property that such weeds or grasses shall be cut or destroyed within seventy-two (72) hours of the date of the posted notice. The owner may request a hearing before the City Manager to contest existence of the violation. The request for hearing shall be in writing; shall identify the reasons why the owner contest the officer's determination and shall be delivered to the City Clerk before the end of the 72-hour period in which the notice was posted to the property owner. If no request for hearing is filed, the officer may cut or destroy the weeds or grasses or vegetation and may assess the costs thereof against the property unless the cost is paid within thirty (30) days of the invoice date by the owner. If a request for hearing is made, no action shall be taken to cut or destroy the weeds or grasses, unless such weeds or grasses shall be located between the sidewalk and the traveled portion of any street in the City, which grasses or weeds may be cut immediately by the Enforcement Officer. Any hearing so requested shall be held within three (3) days of the date of the request therefor. Any appeal taken from the decision of the City Manager shall be made to the Board of Appeals described in this section within forty-eight (48) hours of the date of the decision by the City Manager.

(Ord. 1190 – Aug. 24 Supp.)

2. Notice. When service of a notice to abate is required, the following methods of service shall be deemed adequate:
 - A. By personal service upon the owner or other responsible party of the property upon which the nuisance exists, or upon the person or persons causing or maintaining the violation.
 - B. If, after reasonable effort, personal service cannot be made, any two of the following methods of service shall be considered adequate: (1) sending the notice by certified mail, return receipt requested to the last known address; (2) publishing the notice once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the City of Iowa Falls, Iowa; or (3) by posting the notice in a conspicuous place on the property building deemed as nuisance.
3. Appeal. Any person affected by any notice to abate a violation of this Code may request a hearing on the matter before the Board of Appeals, provided that a written appeal shall be filed with the Enforcement Officer within five days after the notice to abate was served. The appeal shall be filed on a form provided by the City for that purpose, and shall state the particular section of the ordinance or interpretation thereof being appealed, and a brief statement of the grounds upon which such appeal is taken. Failure to file a timely appeal as prescribed herein shall constitute a waiver of the right to a hearing, and the notice shall become final. The Board's determination and order shall be appealable to the County District Court by writ of certiorari. Such appeal shall be filed within twenty (20) days from the date of the Board's decision. The Board's order shall not be carried out until the time for filing the writ of certiorari has expired.
4. Abatement Remedies and Penalties. In the event that the violation is not abated as ordered and within the time specified, the City may abate such violation by any of the following means:
 - A. By undertaking such abatement and assessing the costs therefor against the property,